

2012 Global Monitoring Annual Conference:

Observation of atmospheric CH₄ mixing ratios at the WMO/GAW stations in China

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1

Systems at our stations

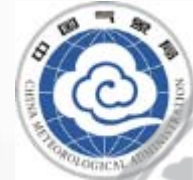
2

Preliminary results of Picarro system

3

Problems we are encountering





System at our stations

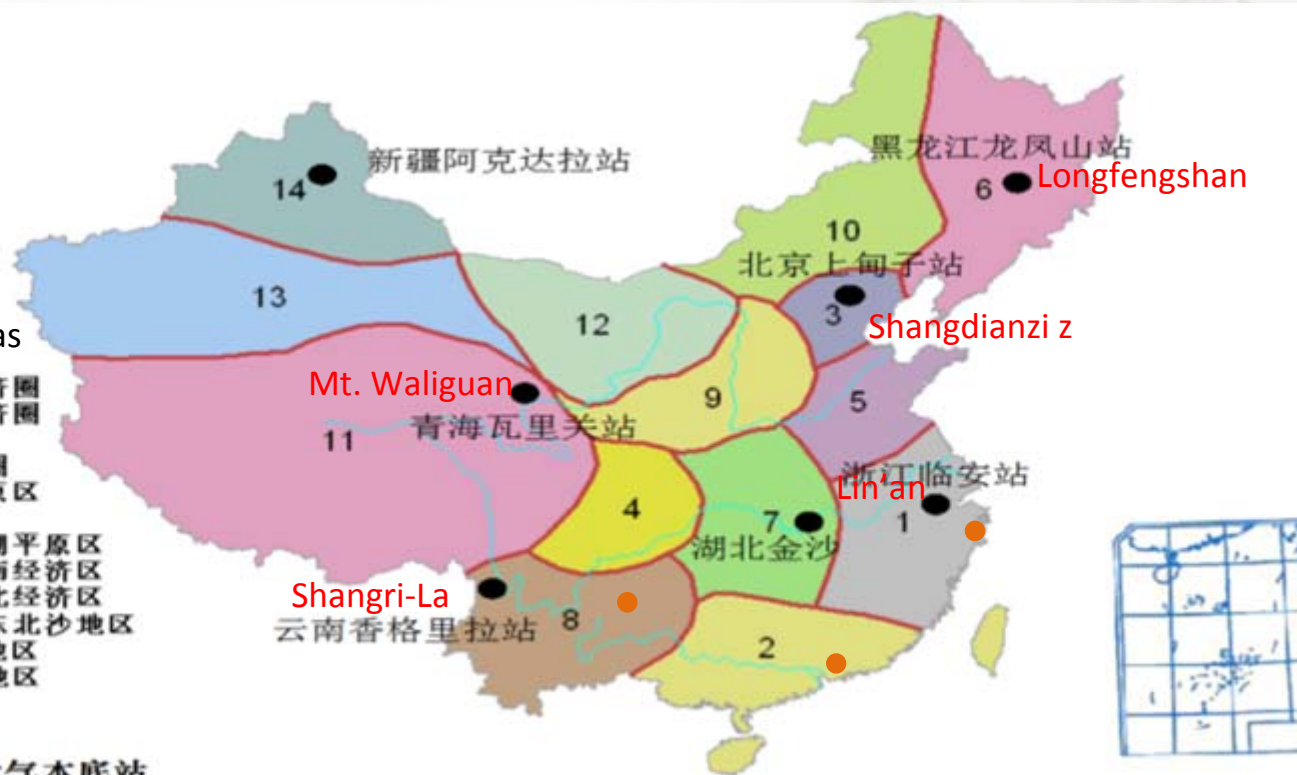


Location of our GHGs sampling/in-situ measurement stations

14 Eco-climatic key areas

- 1 长江三角洲经济区
- 2 珠江三角洲经济区
- 3 京津冀经济圈
- 4 四川盆地经济区
- 5 华北、黄淮平原区
- 6 东北平原区
- 7 长江中游、两湖平原区
- 8 云贵高原及西南经济区
- 9 黄土高原及西北经济区
- 10 内蒙古高原、东北沙地区
- 11 青藏高原主体地区
- 12 北部沙漠、沙地区
- 13 西北部沙漠区
- 14 北疆经济区

● 中国气象局大气本底站



Information of the stations with in-situ system

Station	Station ID	Longitude	Latitude	Altitude (m)	Representation area	Vegetation canopy
Mt.Waliguan	WLG	100.06E	36.12N	3816	Northeastern of the Tibetan Plateau	Prairie, Sandbank
Longfengshan	LFS	127.6E	44.73N	330.5	Northeastern China Plain	Paddy, forest
Lin'an	LAN	119.73E	30.3N	138.6	Yangtze Delta Economic Zone	Paddy, wheat field. Shrub
Shangdianzi	SDZ	117.07E	40.39N	293.3	North China plain	Corn field, forest
Shangri-La	XGL	99.44E	28.01N	3500	Southwest area	Forest





Mt. Waliguan



Shangdianzi



Longfengshan

Picarro G1301/2
Agilent 7890 FID+ECD
M60/70 discrete flask
Canister (halocarbon)
Agilent 6890 GC (Halocarbon)
Medusa GC (Halocarbon)



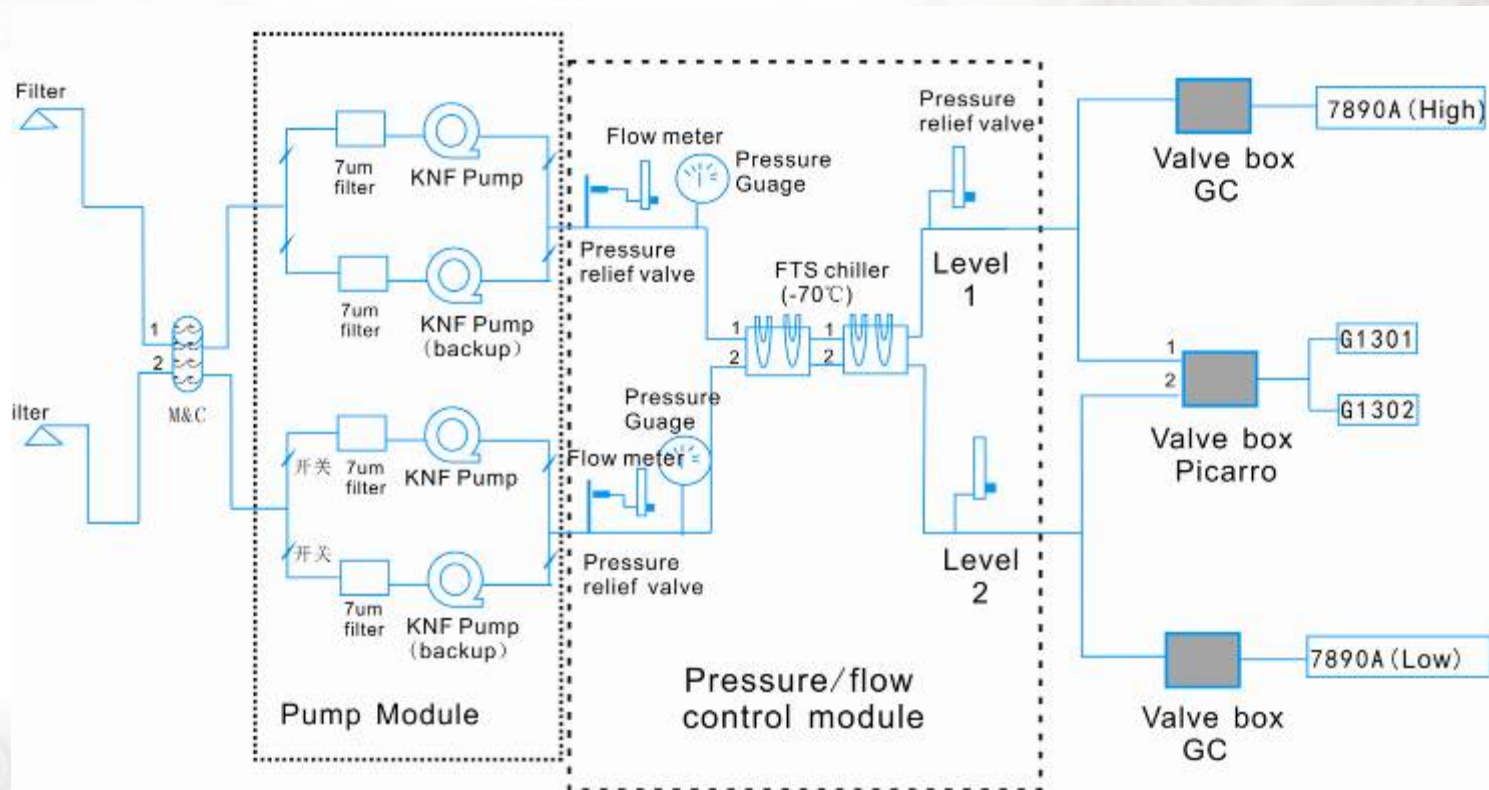
Lin'an



Shangri-La



Two level GHGs measurements at our stations (from 2010):



The Picarro systems at our sites (CH₄/CO₂/CO)-from 2009



Mt. Waliguan



Shangdianzi



Lin'an



Shangri-La



Longfengshan



The GC systems at our sites ($\text{CH}_4/\text{CO}/\text{N}_2\text{O}/\text{SF}_6$)-from 2010



Mt. Waliguan



Shangdianzi



Lin'an



Shangeri-La



Longfengshan



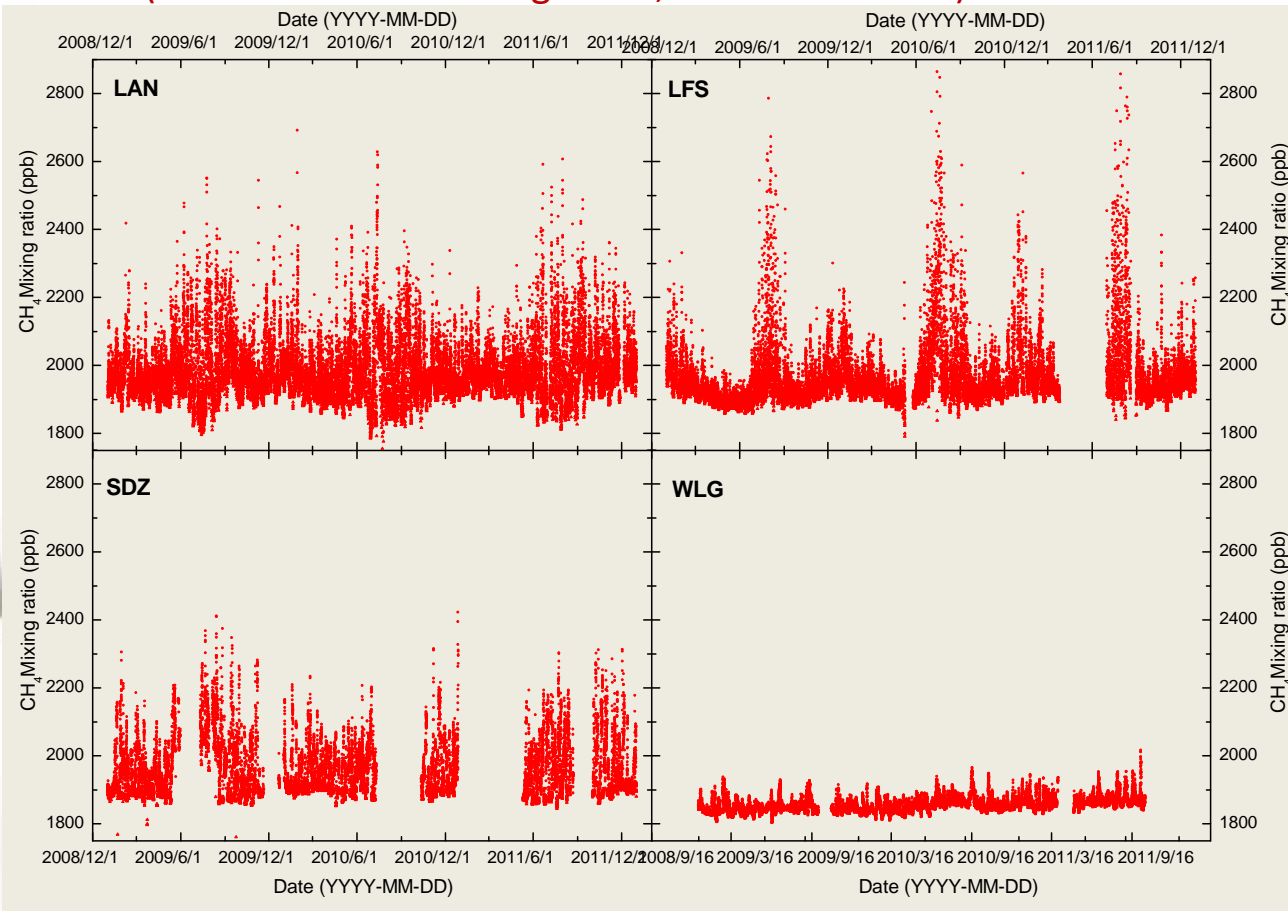
Preliminary results of CH₄ by Picarro



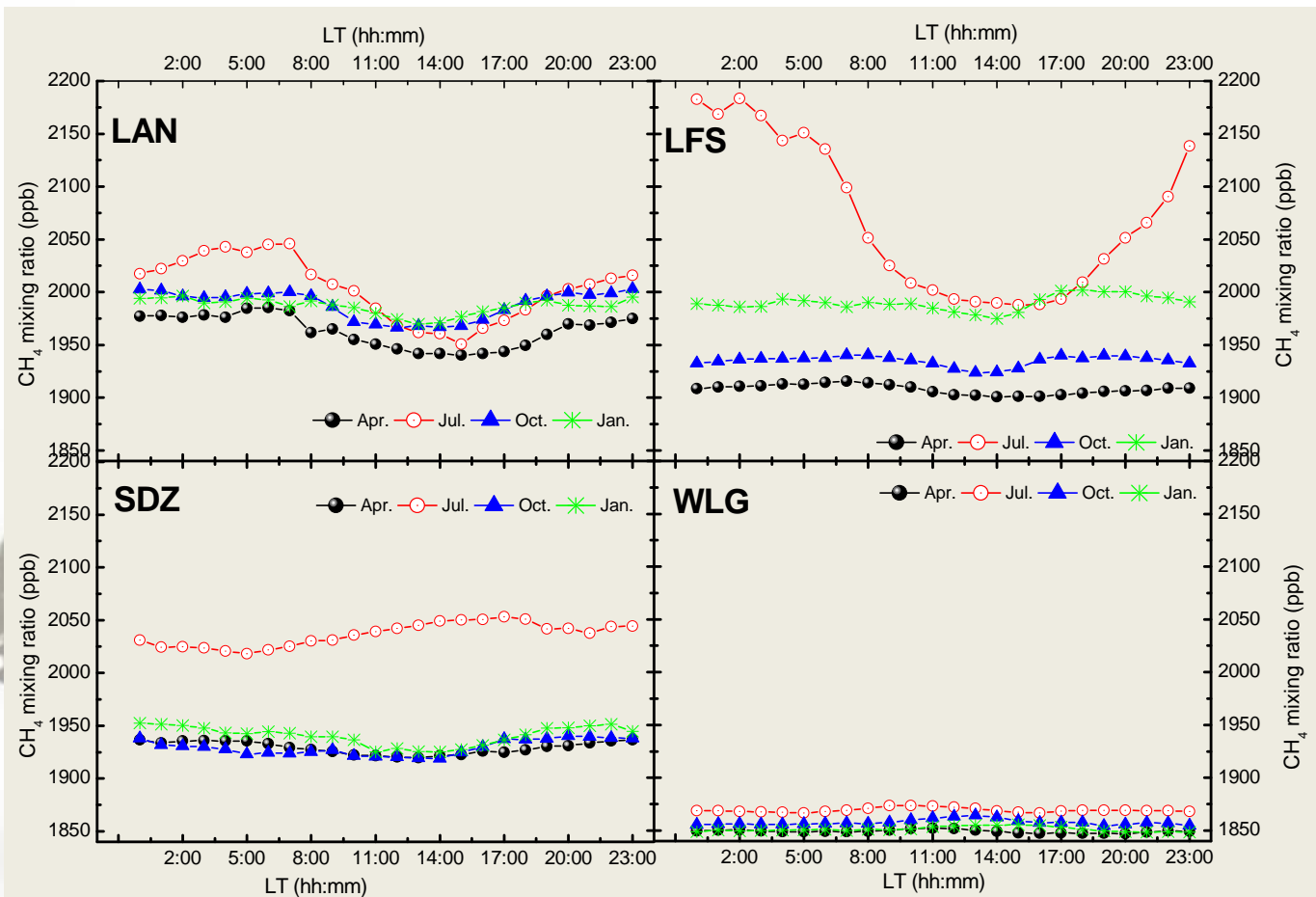


Hourly CH₄ mixing ratios from 2009 to 2011

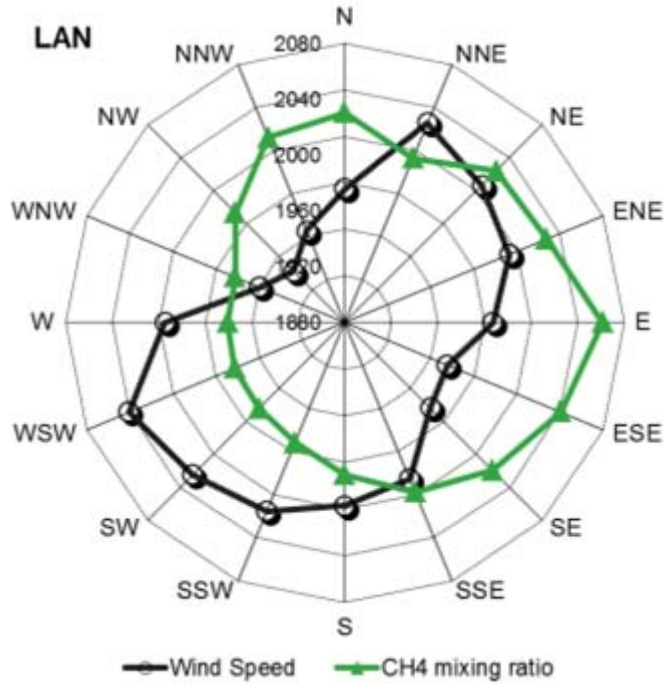
(WLG: 80m above the ground, the others: 10m)



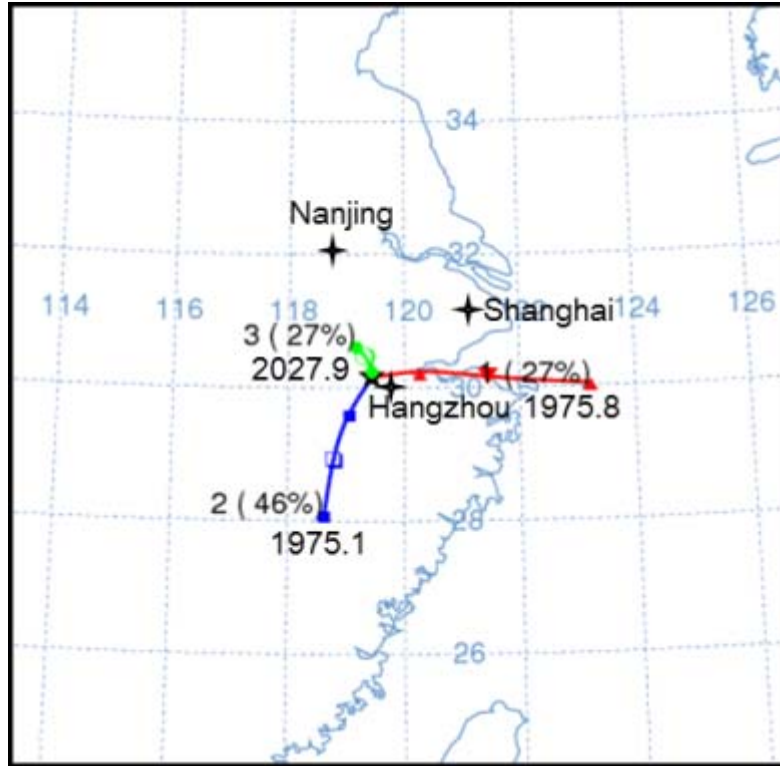
Mean diurnal CH₄ variations (2009- 2011)



Average CH₄ concentration and surface wind speed on 16 directions



Cluster analysis of 72 hrs backward trajectories

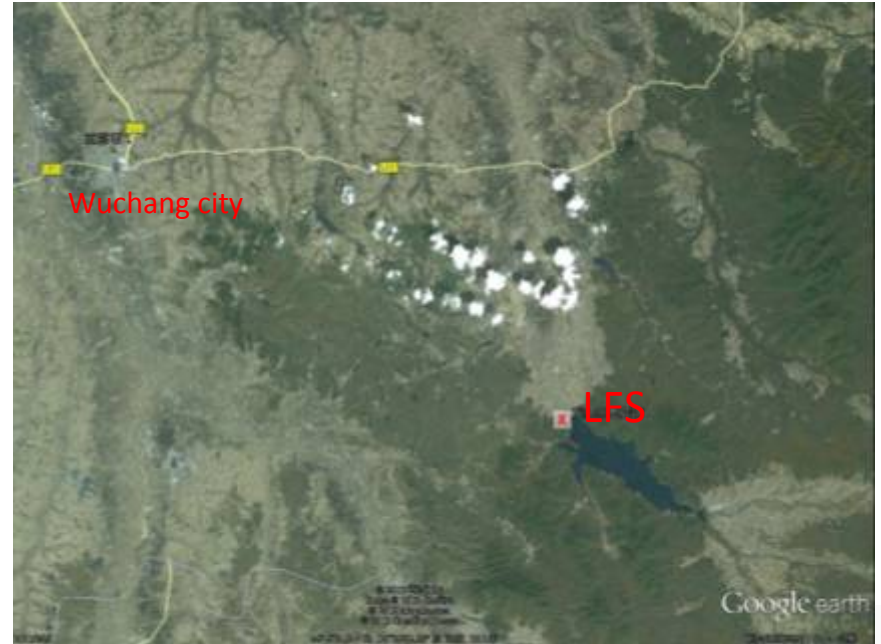
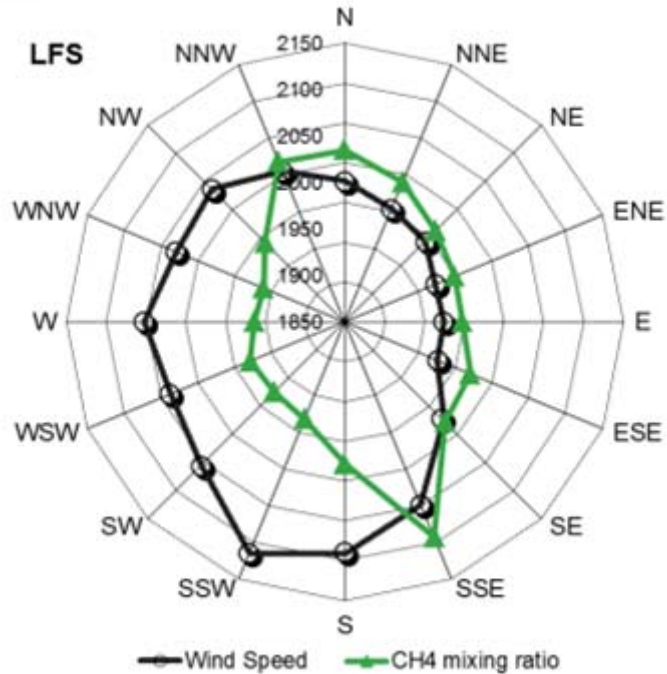


The higher mixing ratio on the E sector might be due to the local surface transport

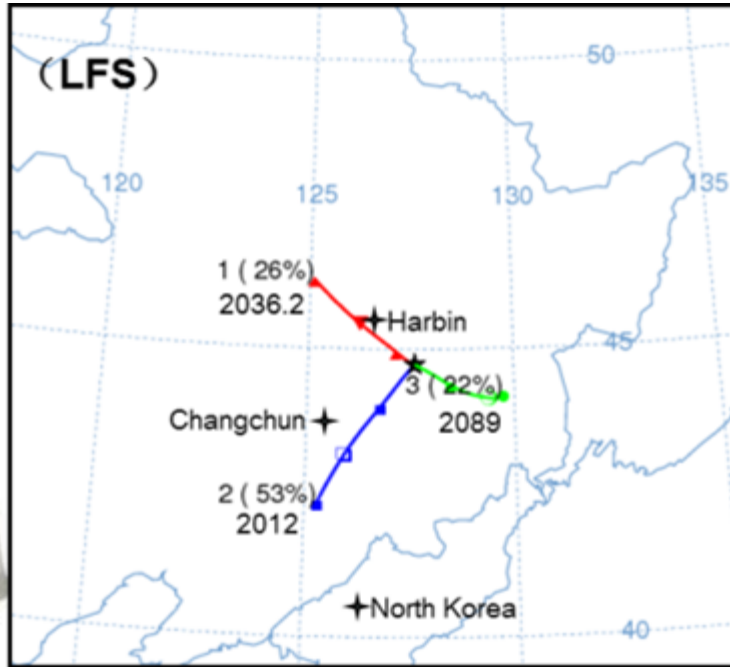
The Cluster 3 moved slowly and the CH₄ accumulated in the local area.

In the summer, the local sources might be the main factor affecting CH₄ mixing ratios on the ground

Average CH₄ concentration and surface wind speed in the summer

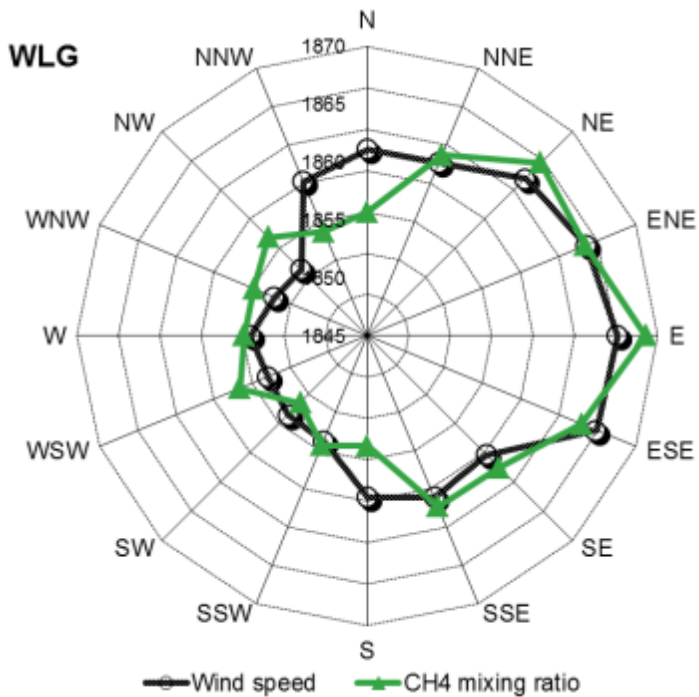


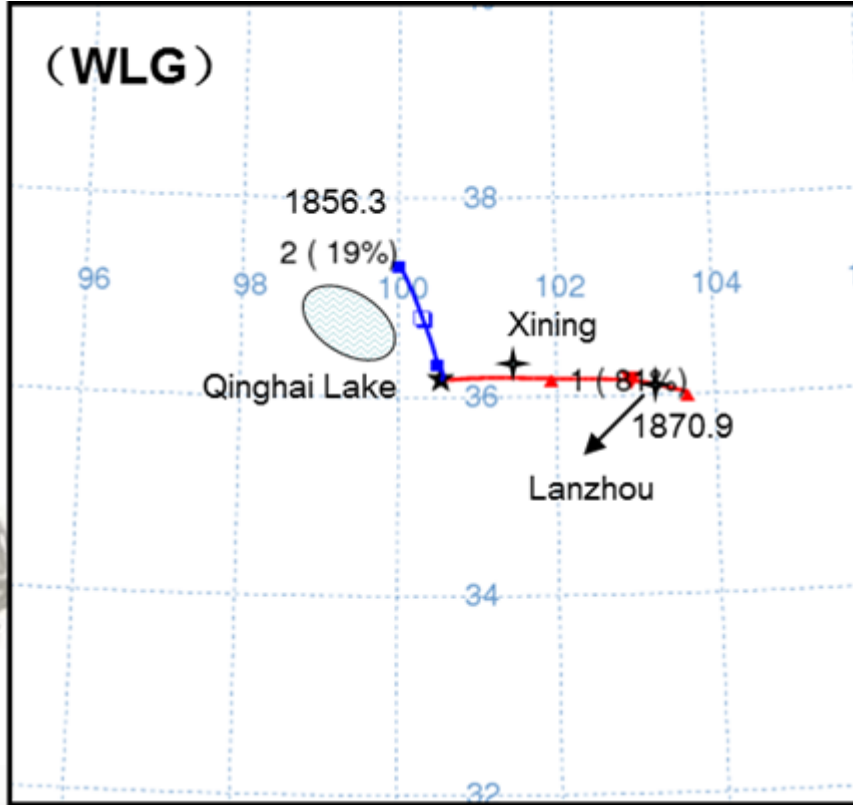
Cluster analysis of 72 hrs backward trajectories



All of the three main clusters at LFS ran through big cities and agricultural area

Average CH₄ concentration and surface wind speed in the summer





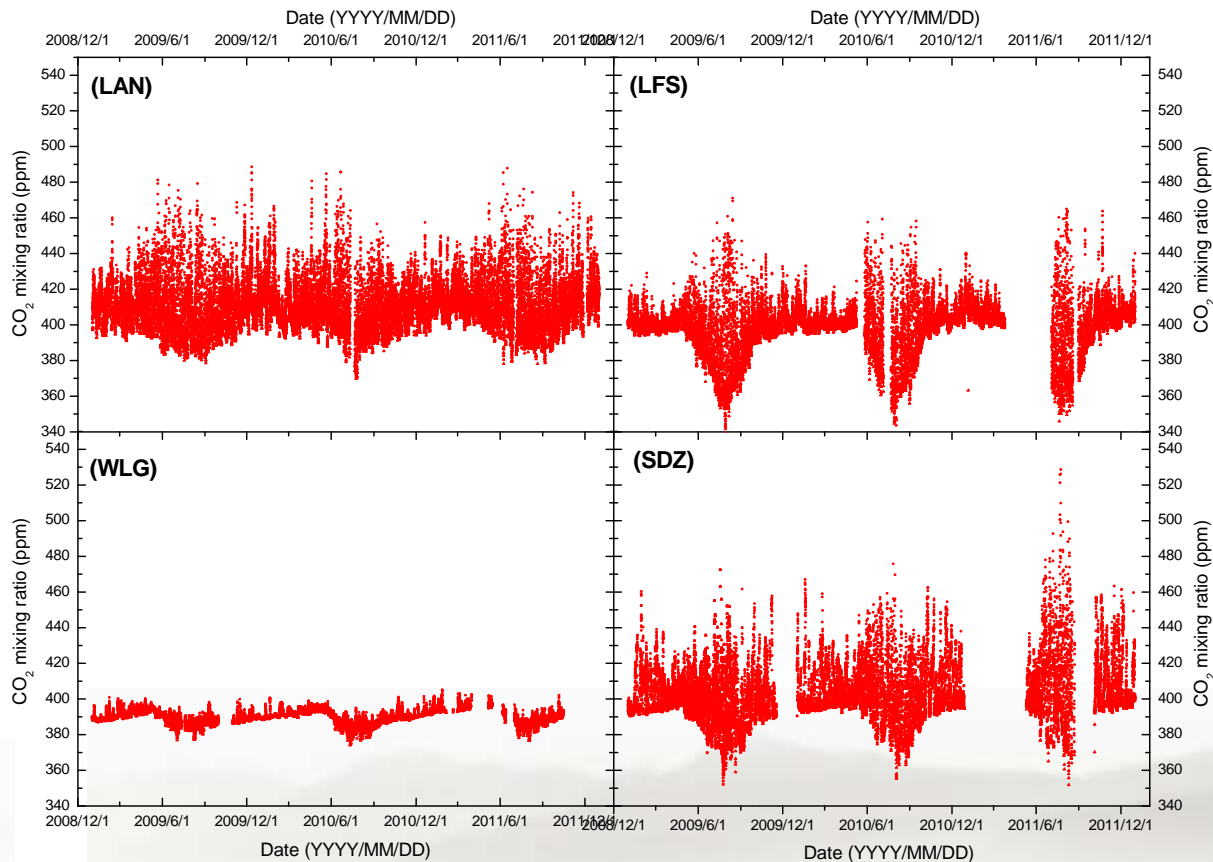
Greater CH_4 mixing ratios from NE-ENE-E-ESE . Higher CH_4 concentrations with greater Beaufort wind scale

Cluster 1 was the main one and accounted for about 81% of the total trajectories

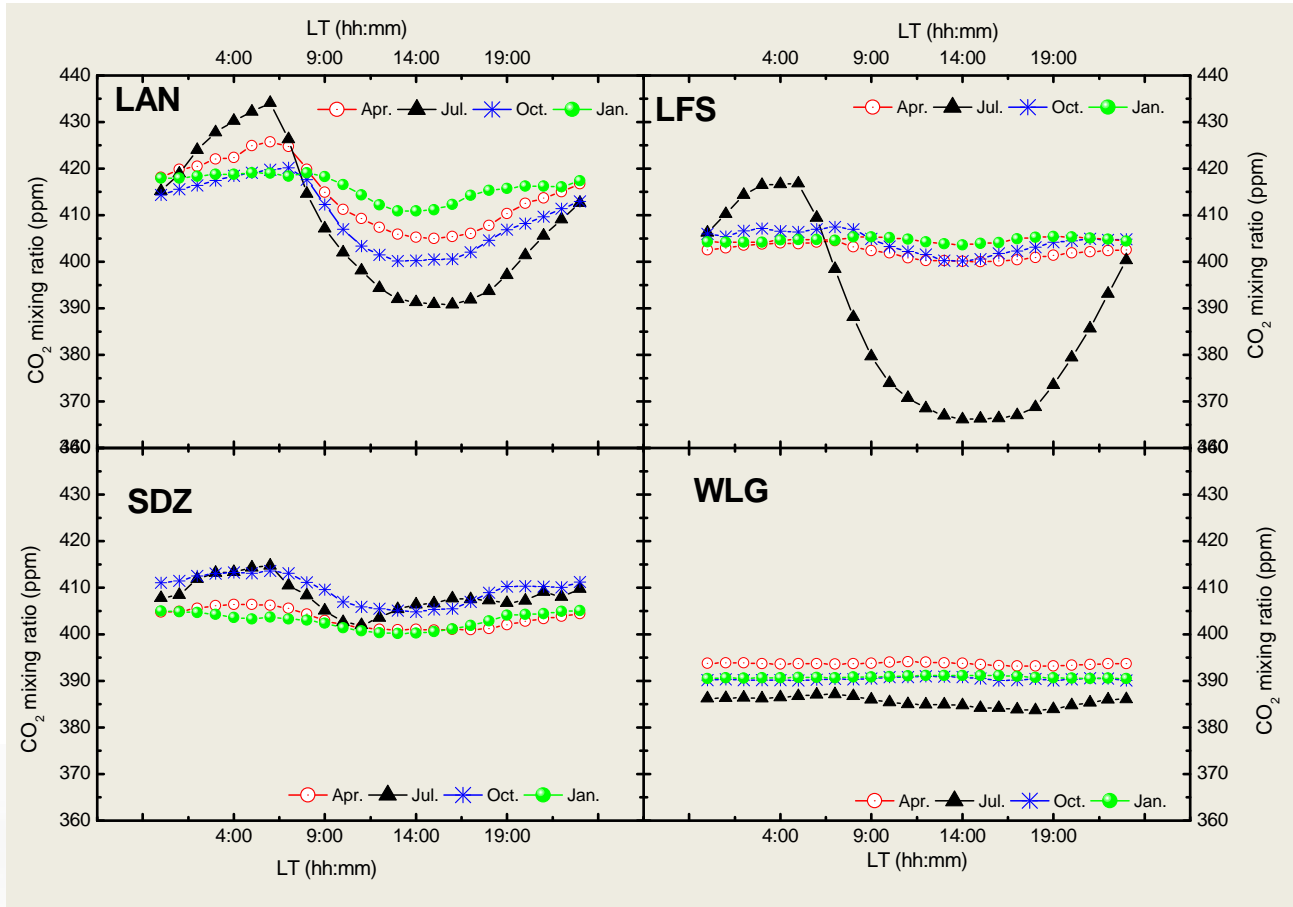


Hourly CO₂ mixing ratios from 2009 to 2011

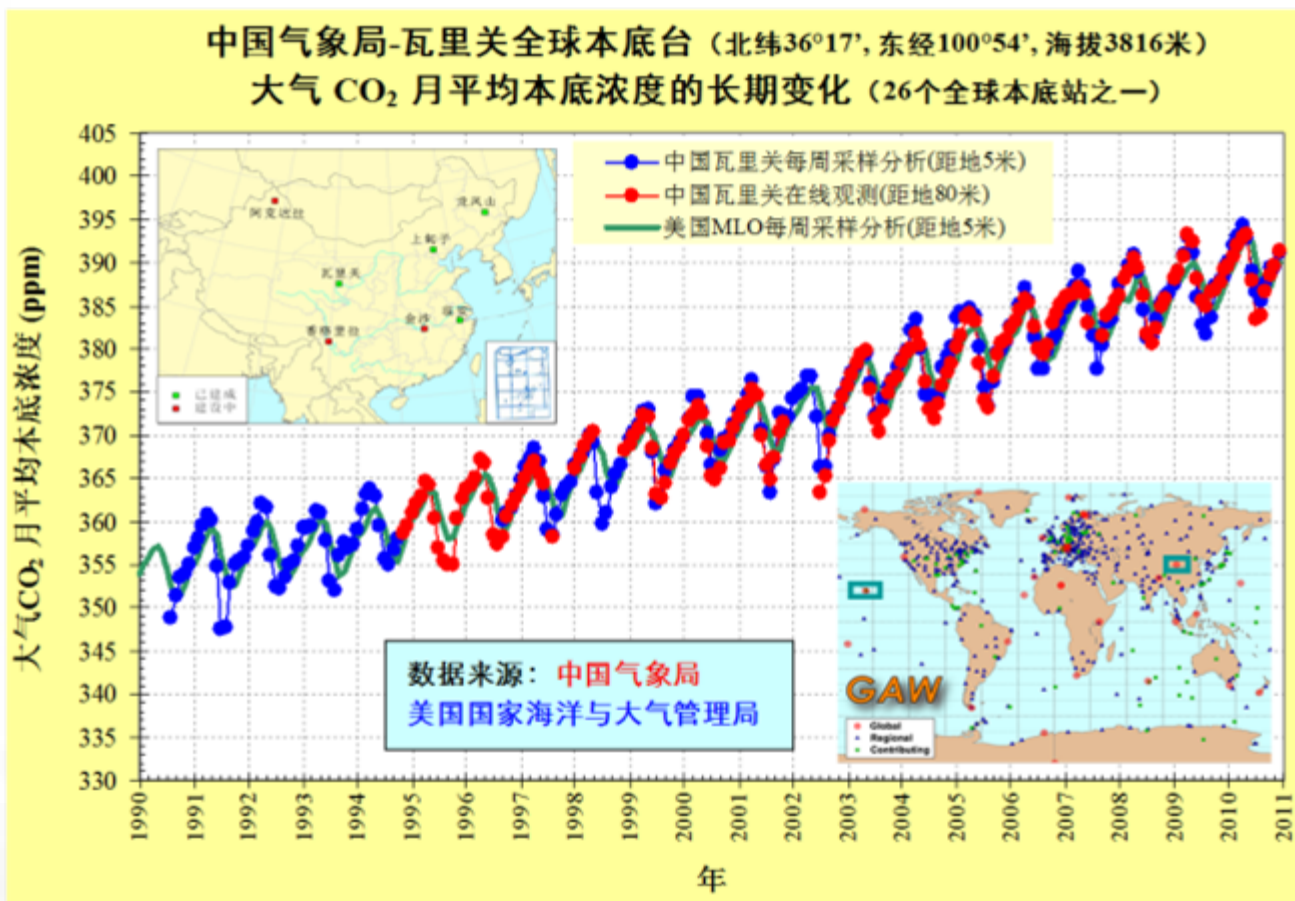
(WLG: 80m above the ground, the others: 10m AGL)



Mean diurnal CO₂ variations during the four seasons (2009- 2011)



Reported CO₂/CH₄ data to WDCGG (from Picarro G1301 after 2009.1)





Problems we are encountering



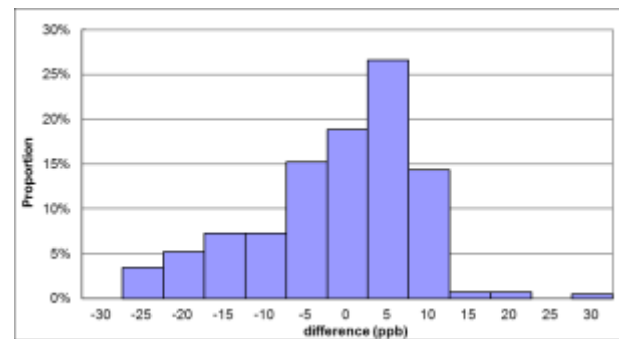
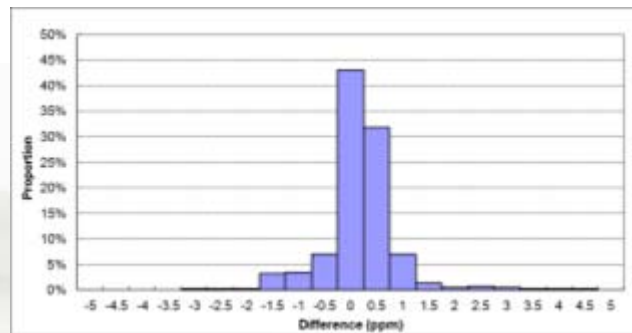
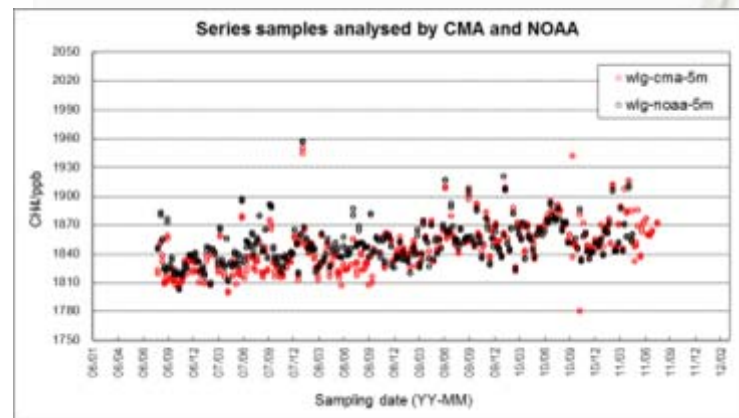
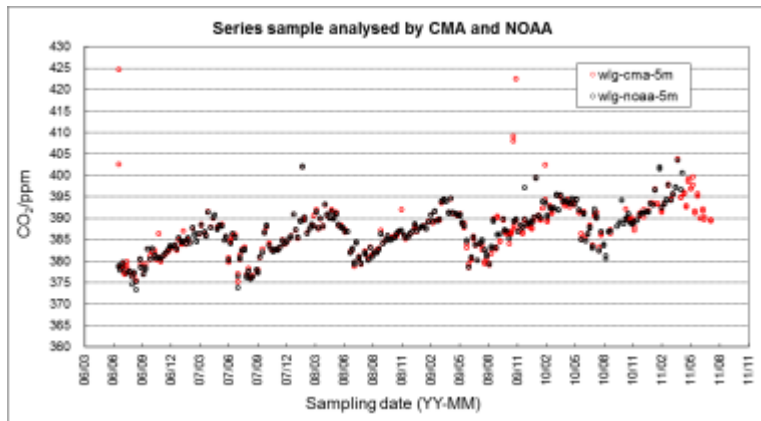
Data process/quality control routine

With the help of NOAA, we preliminary configured our data processing/ICP program.



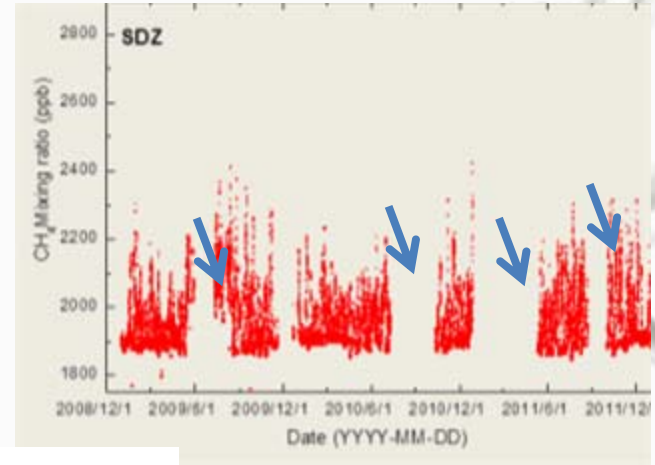
Data process/quality control routine

Under the Cooperative China – U.S. GHGs and Related Tracers Measurement Program, Compared with the results from CMA and NOAA



System maintenance - lack of experience

- Calibration (guarantee the data's quality)
- System maintain--Data gaps (system malfunctions, operator's faults etc)
- Analysis of the data/Scientific results



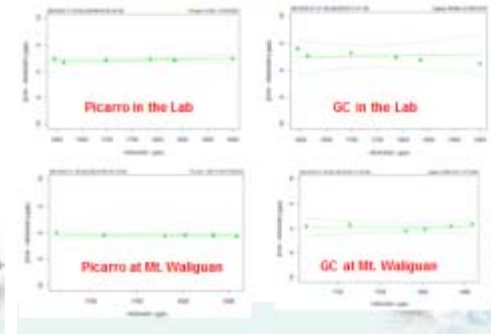
The CO results of 2010 WMO/GAW Round-Robbin CO results are much better now.

Laboratories	Measurement concentration			Differences (Lab - Avg NOAA) COppb		
	CC89592	CC114953	CC86204	CC89592	CC114953	CC86204
NOAA-final	197.1	197.8	198.7			
NOAA-initial	196.9	193.7	198.0			
JP-NIES	201.7	200.4	209.9	4.6	2.6	8.2
JP-TU	205.4	204.0	209.7	8.3	6.2	1.1
CN-CMA (BJ)	197.9	194.5	199.5	0.8	-3.3	0.8
	198.2	197.9	201.5	1.1	0	2.9
CN-CMA (WLG)	190.5	189.5	191.9	-6.6	-9.3	-6.8
JP-JMA	192.3	191.6	203.4	-4.77	-6.22	4.69
KOR-KMA	209.1	208.6	211.1	11.97	10.8	12.37
KOR-KRIS	210.3	210.2	211.5	13.2	12.4	12.8
BRA-IPEN	203.1	203.8	201.9	6.0	6.0	3.2

Results: 2011 methane reference gas inter-comparison

Laboratory and Location	Date of Measurement	Cylinder Number						Instrument
		CP951238			CP951239			
		Concentration (ppb)	SD (ppb)	No.	Concentration (ppb)	SD (ppb)	No.	
JMA Tokyo, Japan	June 9-6, 2011	1743.5	1.6	12	1878.1	1.5	12	SHIMADZU GC-14B50P
CMA Mt. Waliguan, China	September 13, 2011	1741.2	0.9	3	1878.7	0.4	3	Agilent 6890N
	September 20, 2011	1743.6	0.1	4	1879.0	0.1	4	Picarro G1301
CMA Beijing, China	October 14-17, 2011	1743.0	1.1	14	1879.1	0.8	17	Agilent 6890N
	October 20, 2011	1738.6	0.1	11	1879.8	0.1	11	Picarro G1301
KMA Anyangsan 46, Republic of Korea	December 1, 2011 - January 27, 2012	1739.2	0.99	12	1878.1	0.84	10	Agilent G1530A
JMA Tokyo, Japan	March 21-22, 2012	1743.2	0.9	12	1878.2	1.0	13	SHIMADZU GC-14B50P

Audit results- CH₄ at CMA and Mt. Waliguan



Install new sampling method/system

we had set up systems including PFP/PCP, standard gases compressing system etc.
We are short of hands.....



Flask analysis system



Flask isotope system



Flask Picarro system



GC system



Standard gas filling system



M60/70 sampler



M80/90 sampler (PFP/PCP)





Thank you!

