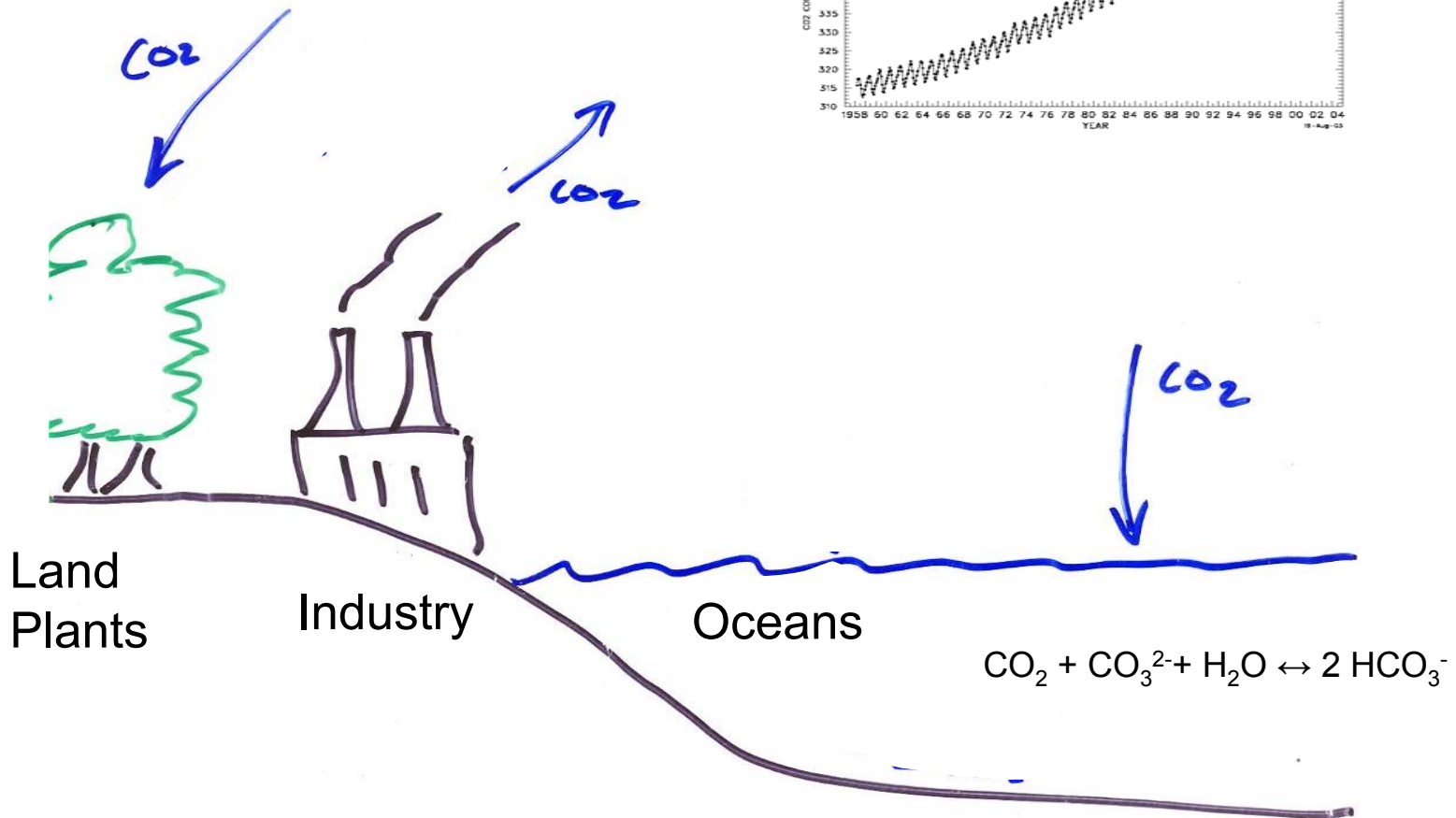
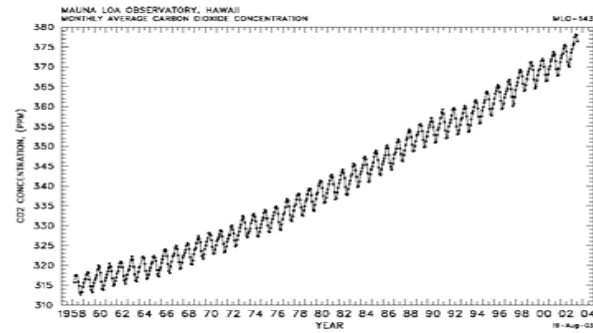


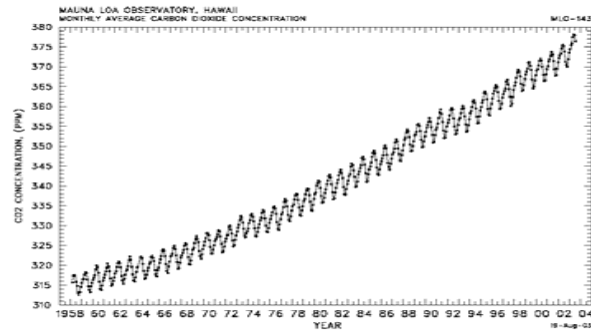
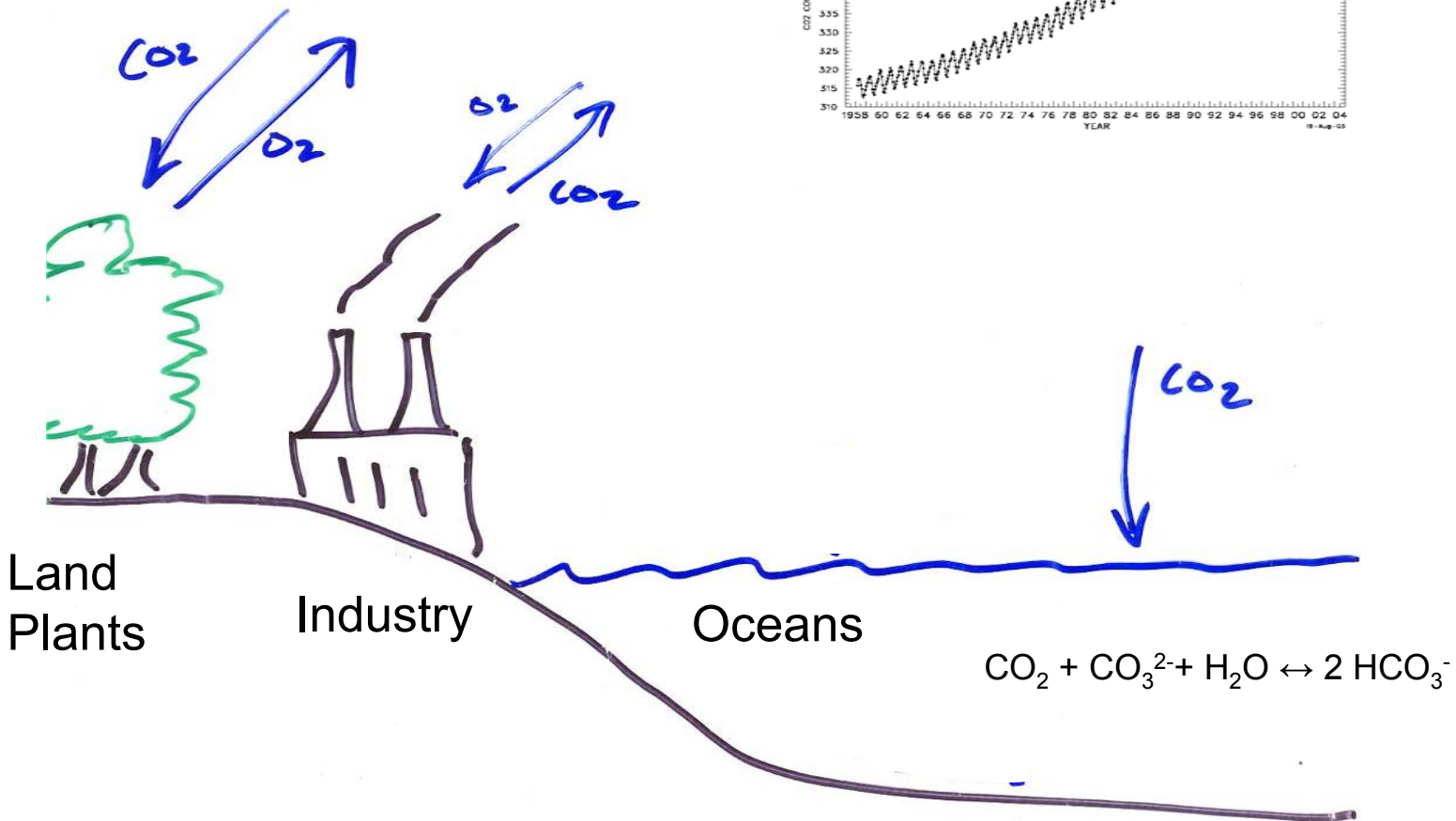
Two decades of atmospheric O₂ measurements and their implications

Ralph F. Keeling
of Scripps Institution of
Oceanography

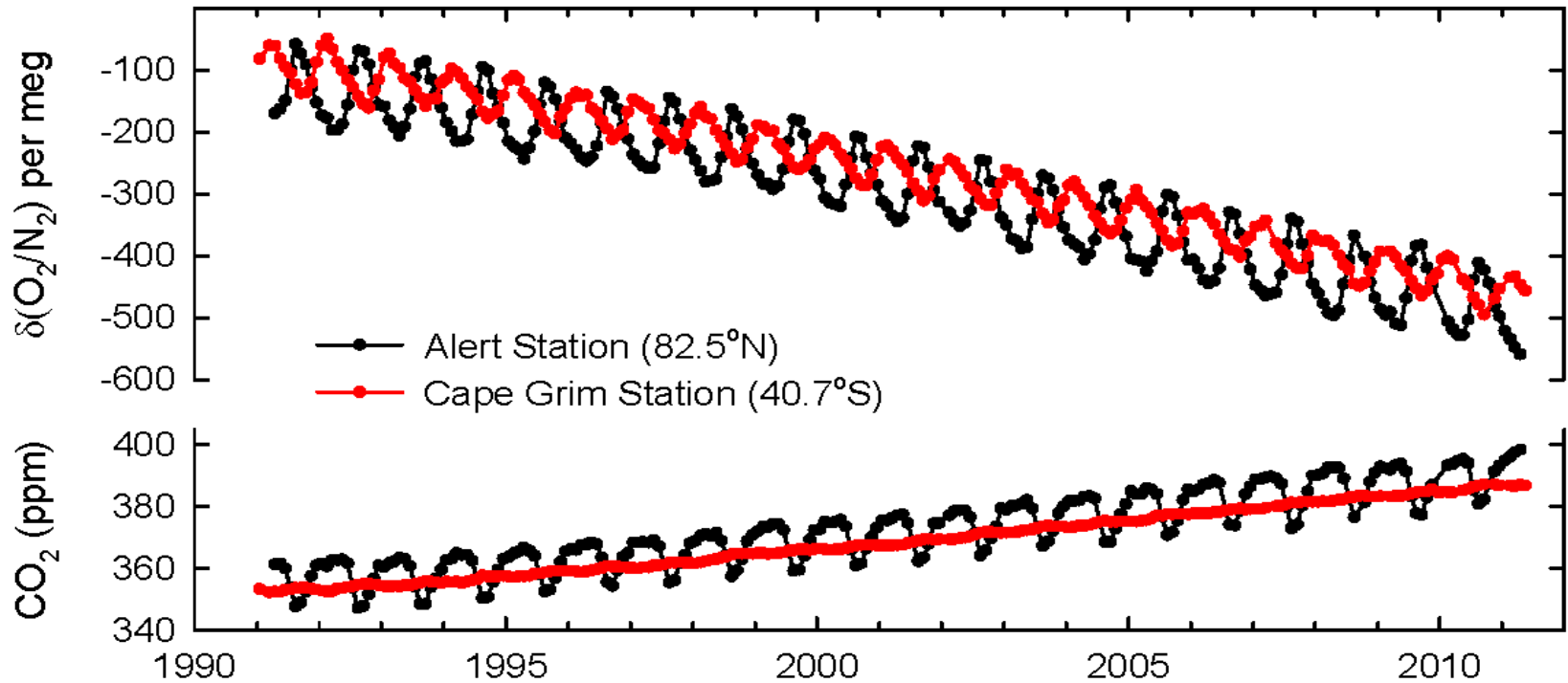
Controls on atmospheric CO₂ increase



Controls on atmospheric CO₂ and O₂



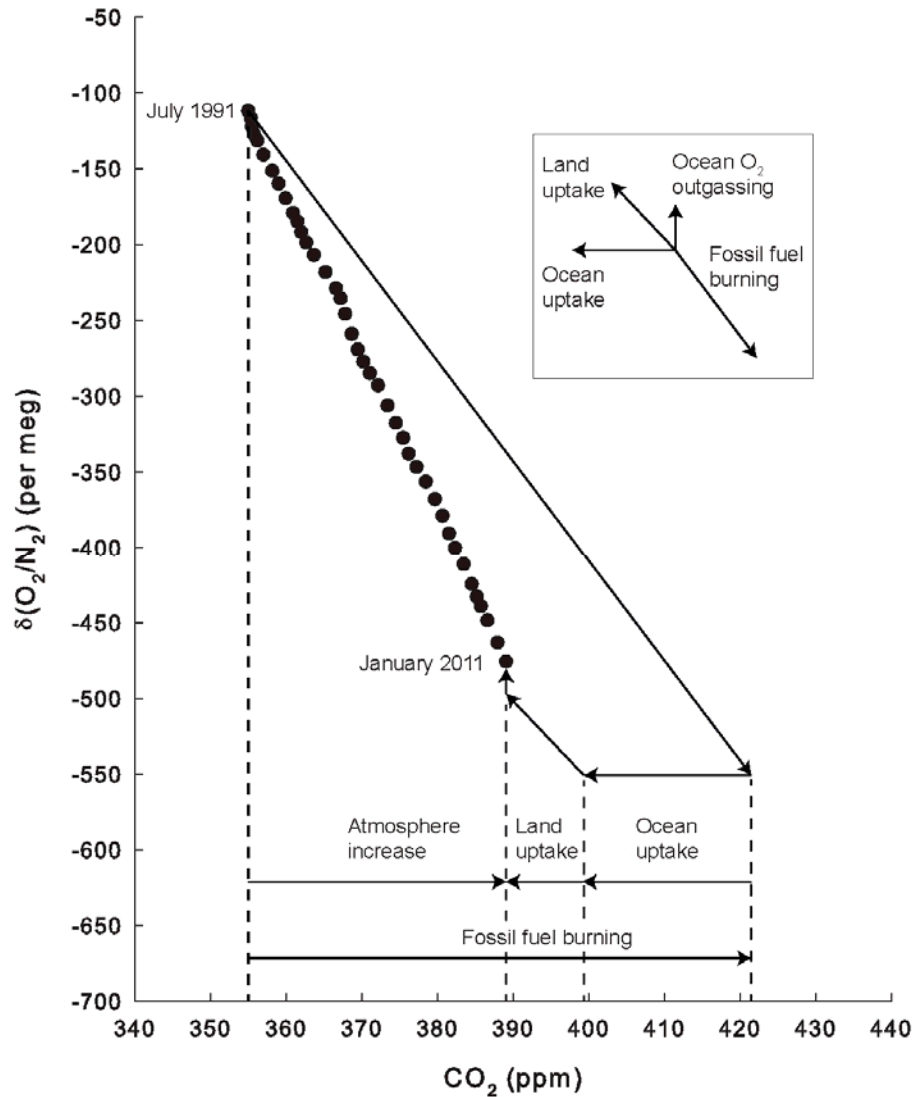
O₂/N₂ and CO₂ trends



$$\delta(\text{O}_2/\text{N}_2) = \frac{(\text{O}_2/\text{N}_2)_{\text{sample}} - (\text{O}_2/\text{N}_2)_{\text{reference}}}{(\text{O}_2/\text{N}_2)_{\text{reference}}}$$

4.8 per meg \sim 1 ppm

Vector diagram of O₂ and CO₂ changes



Budgets in different periods

	Fossil-fuel	Atm. CO ₂	Ocean sink	Land sink
Time frame	Pg C yr ⁻¹	Pg C yr ⁻¹	Pg C yr ⁻¹	Pg C yr ⁻¹
1990-2000	6.39 (0.38)	3.23 (0.04)	1.83 (0.57)	1.33 (0.75)
2000-2010	7.81 (0.47)	4.04 (0.04)	2.61 (0.55)	1.16 (0.80)
1991.5-2011	7.24 (0.43)	3.74 (0.02)	2.34 (0.52)	1.16 (0.75)

Land-sink implication

O₂-based land sink = 1.2 ± 0.8 (1991.5 - 2011)

Land Sink = Land use emission - Residual sink

Recent land-use emission $\sim 1.3 \pm 0.8$

Residual sink $\sim 2.5 \pm 1.1$

Units: Pg C yr⁻¹

Ocean sink implication

O₂-based ocean sink: 2.34 ± 0.55 (1991.5 - 2011)

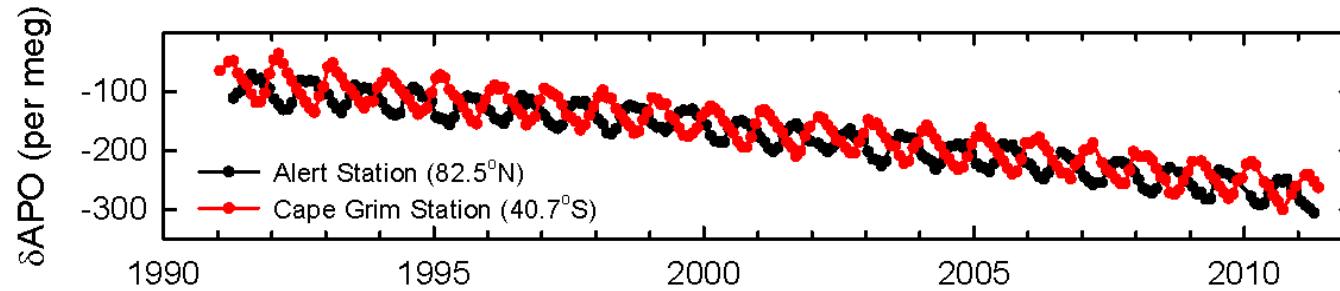
CFC-based ocean sink: 2.3 ± 0.6
(Khatiwala et al., 2009)

Units: Pg C yr⁻¹

Comparison places bounds on non-anthropogenic effects
on ocean CO₂ uptake CO₂

Trend in APO

$$\text{APO} \approx \text{O}_2 + 1.1 \text{ CO}_2$$



Global trend in APO

Contributions to APO trend

Fossil-fuel effect

Ocean uptake of CO_2^*

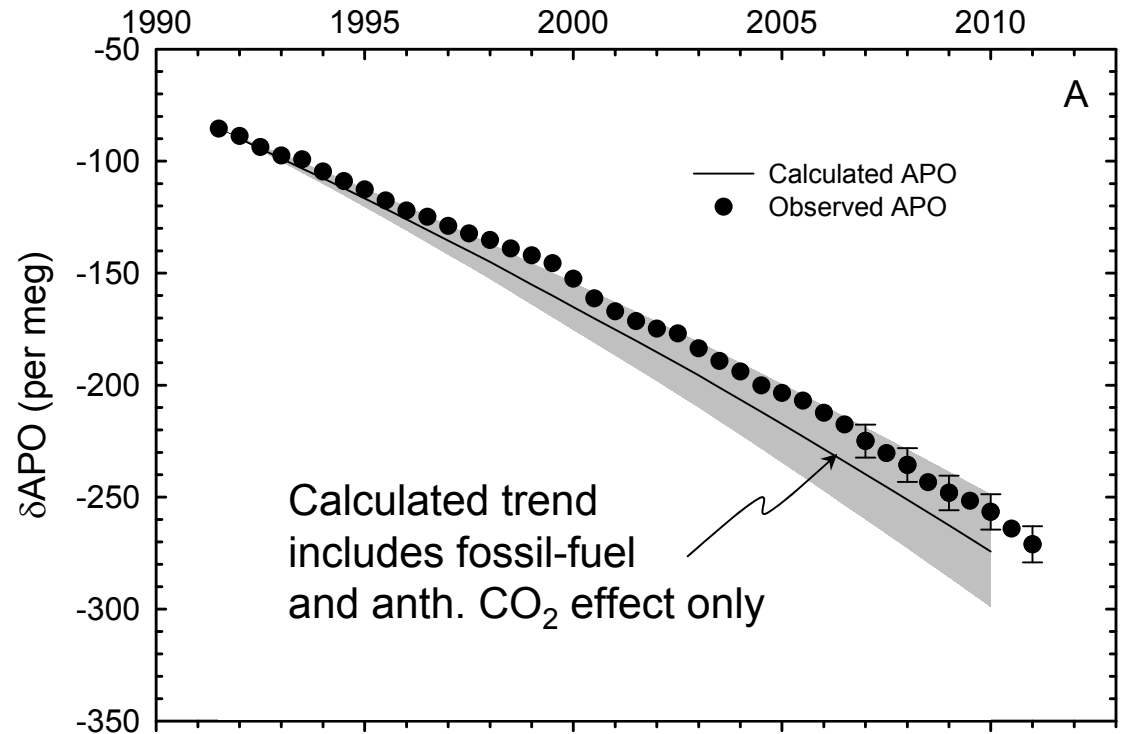
Ocean impact on O_2

Ocean impact on N_2

*Includes

(1) contributions forced by changes in atmosphere
i.e. "anthropogenic CO_2 "

(2) contributions from by changes within oceans

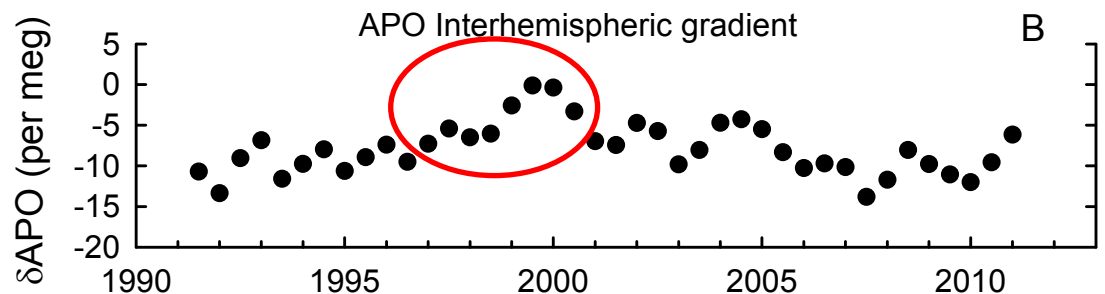
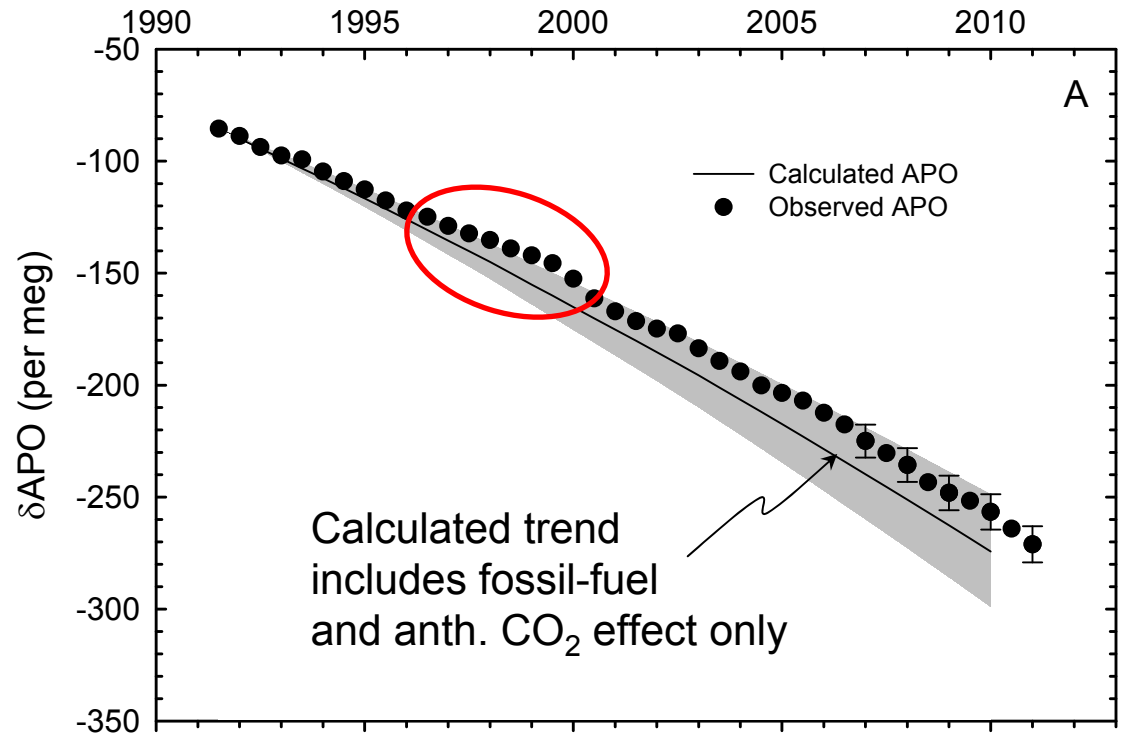


Global trend in APO

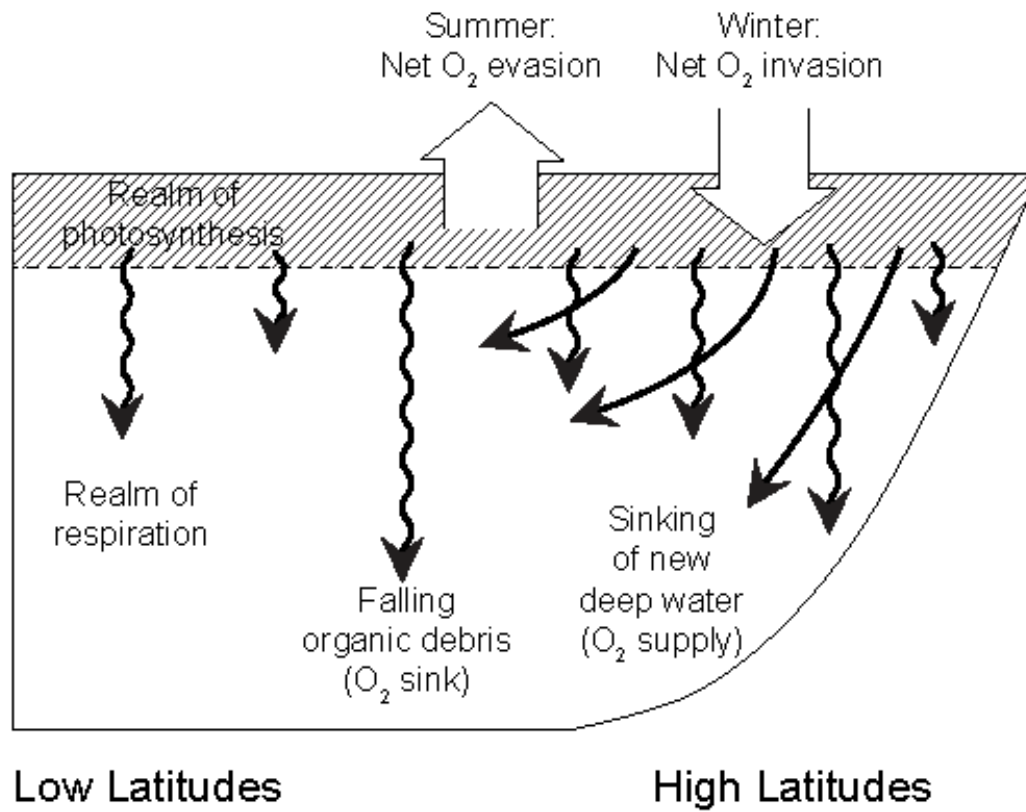
1996-2006 feature
seen in both global
anomaly and gradient.

Anomaly is mostly in
Northern Hem.

Impacts decadal
budgets 1990-2000
and 2000-2010



Seasonal Cycles in O_2/N_2

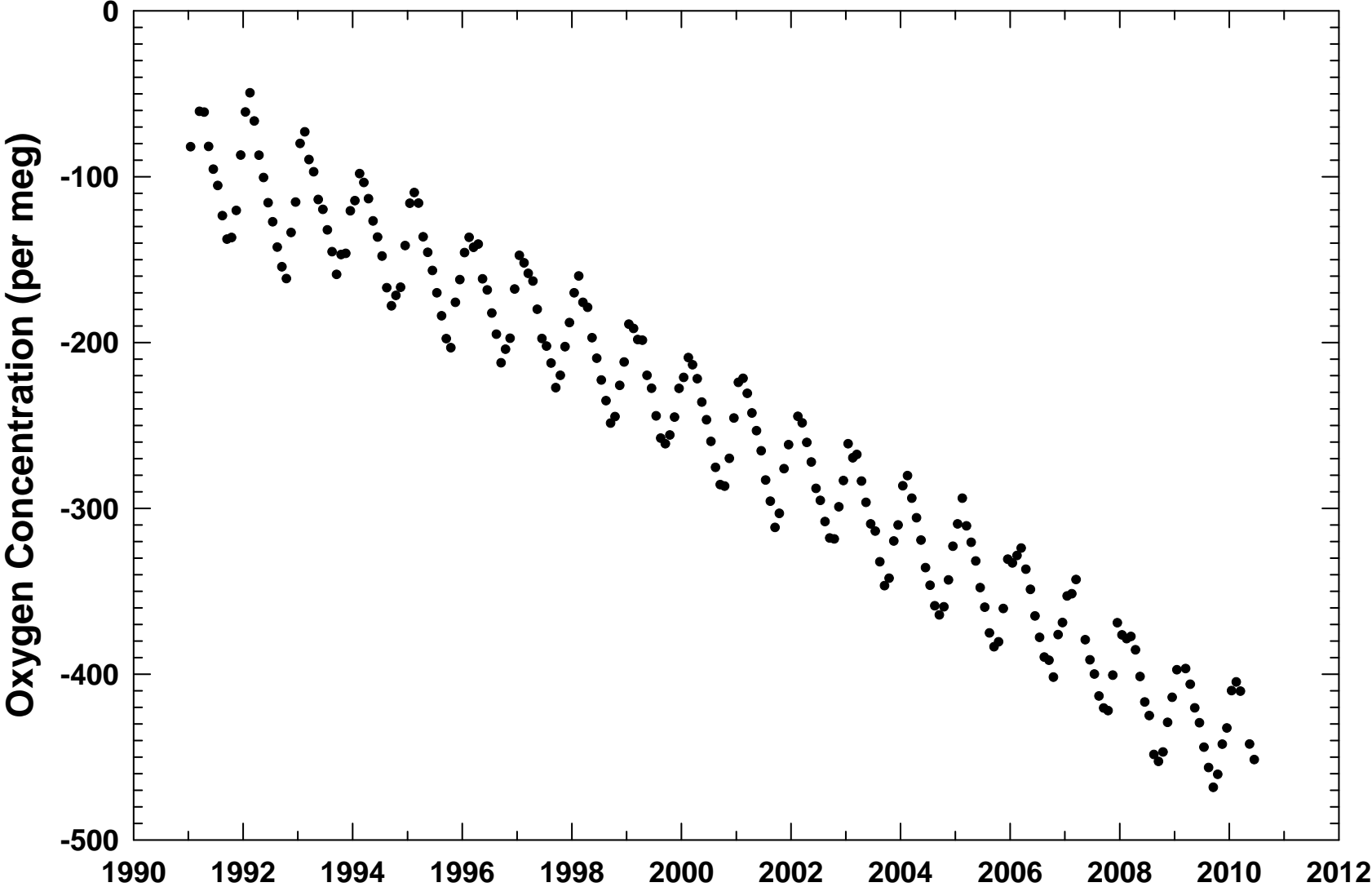


How is ocean productivity changing with time?

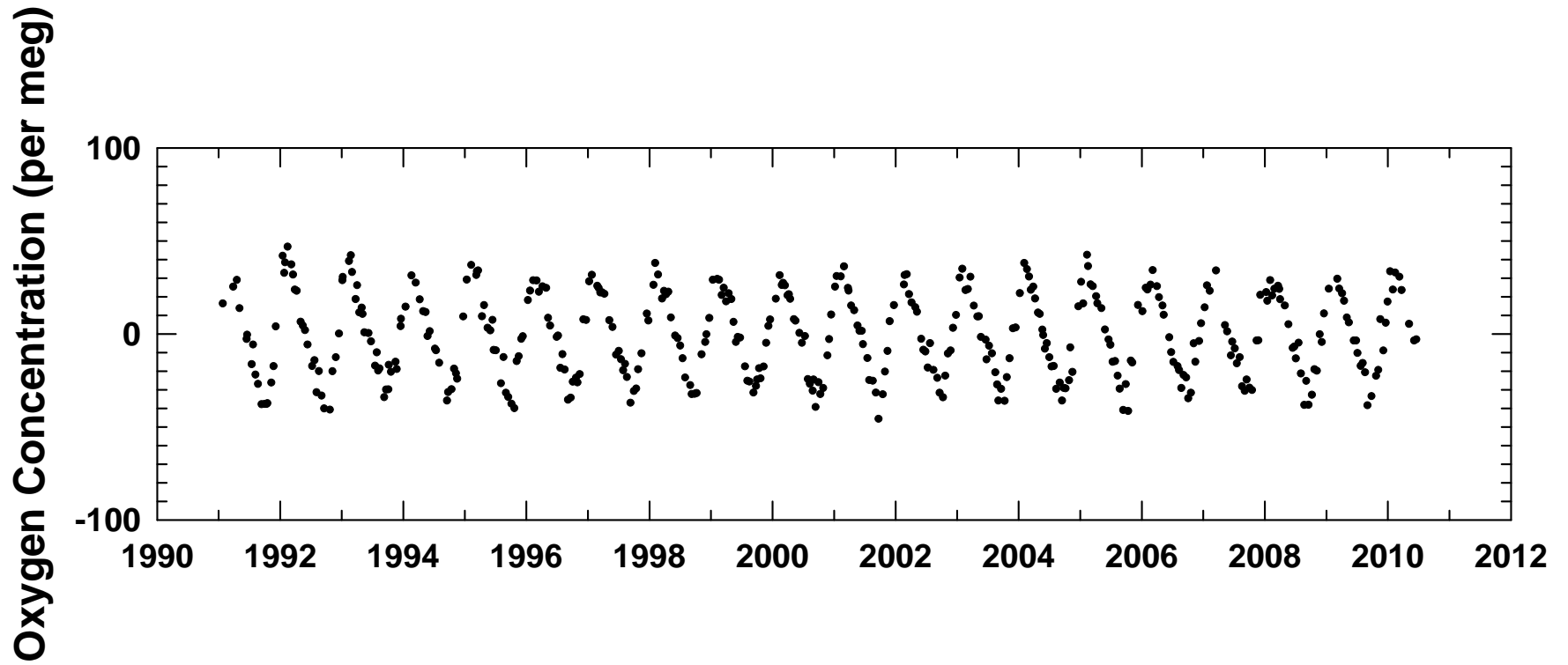
Boyce et al. (2010) Nature 466, 591-692 suggest 1% per year decline in ocean biomass, possibly linked to warming.

Can we see evidence of a perturbation of this magnitude in the O₂ cycles?

Cape Grim (41°S)



Cape Grim (41°S)



Thank You